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Inventor(s): Takamoto Imataki

For: DISPLAY CONTROL APPARATUS
AND STORAGE MEDIUM

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Fee Calculation For Claims As Filed

a) Basic Fee						\$ 760.00
b) Independent Claims	<u>2</u>	-	<u>3</u>	=		x \$ 78.00 = \$ _____
c) Total Claims	<u>10</u>	-	<u>20</u>	=		x \$ 18.00 = \$ _____
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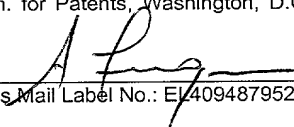
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SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT I, Takamoto Imataki, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

DISPLAY CONTROL APPARATUS AND STORAGE MEDIUM

of which the following is a specification : -

044393 10499
665707 " 22681460

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

DISPLAY CONTROL APPARATUS AND STORAGE
MEDIUM

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to display control apparatuses and storage mediums, and more particularly to a display control apparatus
10 which displays an image downloaded from a server and to a computer-readable storage medium which stores a program for causing a computer to display a downloaded image.

The use of the World Wide Web (WWW) has
15 become very popular, and there are increasing number of operating business systems which carry out various kinds of business processes by use of a WWW browser to download and display an image from a WWW server.

20 In such an environment, there are demands to realize a large-scale business system including several hundred to several thousand clients, that is, WWW browsers, wherein the system maintenance can be made from the WWW server. In other words, there are
25 demands to manage such a large-scale business system by the WWW server, to quickly display a large number of images moving on the WWW browsers of the clients, and to exchange data among the displayed images at the clients.

30 2. Description of the Related Art

According to the conventional system, a plurality of images, such as pages of pictures, menus and messages, are stored in the WWW server. The stored images are successively downloaded from
35 the WWW server and successively displayed on the WWW browser of the client. The client carries out various business processes by interacting with the

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displayed images.

However, in order for the client to successively download and display the images from the WWW server, it is necessary to carry out the following series of processes which are troublesome and time-consuming. In other words, an image which is written in the form of a HTML document and stored in the WWW server is downloaded by the WWW browser of the client, and the downloaded HTML document is analyzed and displayed on a display unit of the client. Then, based on the image which is presently being displayed, a HTML document corresponding to the next image is downloaded from the WWW server, analyzed and displayed on the display unit of the client. Such an operation is repeated for all of the images to be downloaded from the WWW server.

For this reason, it takes time to download the HTML document and to analyze and display the HTML document each time, thereby making it difficult to carry out a series of business processes by quickly downloading the images and quickly switching the images which are displayed.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, it is a general object of the present invention to provide a novel and useful display control apparatus and storage medium, in which the problems described above are eliminated.

Another and more specific object of the present invention is to provide a display control apparatus and storage medium, which download a display control program and image information from a server, develop the image information in a memory at a client by generating a control block by the display control program, and control display and non-display states of the image and exchange of data among displayed images based on the developed image

information. According to the display control apparatus and storage medium of the present invention, it is possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed. As a result, it is possible to quickly display the image, to quickly switch the displayed image, and to quickly exchange data among the displayed images.

Still another object of the present invention is to provide a display control apparatus comprising a memory, display control means for generating a plurality of control blocks based on downloaded image information and program, where the control blocks develops images in the memory based on the image information, and display means for displaying an image developed in the memory and corresponding to a business which is selected from another image which is being displayed. According to the display control apparatus of the present invention, it is possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed. As a result, it is possible to quickly display the image, to quickly switch the displayed image, and to quickly exchange data among the displayed images.

A further object of the present invention is to provide a computer-readable storage medium which stores one or more programs for causing a computer which includes a memory to control display, comprising display control means for causing a computer to generate a plurality of control blocks based on downloaded image information and program, where the control blocks cause the computer to develop images in the memory based on the image information, and display means for causing the

computer to display an image developed in the memory and corresponding to a business which is selected from another image which is being displayed. According to the storage medium of the present invention, it is possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed. As a result, it is possible to quickly display the image, to quickly switch the displayed image, and to quickly exchange data among the displayed images.

Other objects and further features of the present invention will be apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a system block diagram for explaining an embodiment of a display control apparatus according to the present invention;

FIG. 2 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of the embodiment of the display control apparatus;

FIG. 3 is a diagram for explaining a control block information table;

FIG. 4 is a diagram for explaining generation timing information;

FIG. 5 is a diagram for explaining deletion timing information;

FIGS. 6A, 6B and 6C respectively are diagrams for explaining a display control program and generation of the control block;

FIGS. 7A and 7B respectively are diagrams for explaining switching of images;

FIGS. 8 is a diagram for explaining exchange of data between displayed images via the control block;

FIG. 9 is a perspective view showing a computer system; and

FIG. 10 is a system block diagram showing a main body of the computer system.

5

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

FIG. 1 is a system block diagram for explaining an embodiment of a display control apparatus according to the present invention.

10 In FIG. 1, a client 3 receives image information and programs downloaded from a server 1. Both the server 1 and the client 3 are data processing apparatuses such as computer systems. This client 3 includes a browser 4, a display
15 control program 6, a plurality of control blocks 7, a memory 9 and a display unit 102. Of course, the server 1 may also include a display unit similar to the display unit 102.

20 The client 3 forms this embodiment of the display control apparatus.

The browser 4 connects to the server 1, and downloads a predetermined URL HTML document which is analyzed and displayed. In this embodiment, the browser 4 functions as a platform for
25 downloading an applet 5 from the server 1 and operating the applet 5. The applet 5 is written in Java language, and displays a business list (or work list) and the like on the browser 4.

The display control program 6 is
30 downloaded from the server 1, and carries out various kinds of display control when started. In this embodiment, the display control program 6 starts a program which is downloaded from the server 1, and generates a control block 7 for each image
35 which is displayed.

The control block 7 carries out operations such as developing the image in the memory 9 within

the client 3 based on image information 2, and exchanging data among two or more displayed images. One control block 7 corresponding to one image can exchange data between another control block 7

5 corresponding to another image.

On the other hand, the server 1 includes functions of a WWW server. This server 1 centrally manages a large amount of image information 2, programs which are downloaded to the client 3 and
10 generate the control blocks 7 when started, the display control program 6, programs which operated under the browser 4 such as the applet 5.

The image information 2 includes information related to an image which is to be
15 displayed, such as an image defining body, generation timing information, and deletion timing information.

The display control program 6 downloads the image information 2 and the program from the
20 server 1, and generates the control block 7 based on the downloaded program and image information 2. The generated control block 7 develops the image in the memory 9 based on the image information 2. In addition, the applet 5 displays the business list,
25 and reads from the memory 9 and displays the developed image which corresponds to a business which is selected from the business list.

An ID is added to each control block 7. Hence, it is possible to specify the ID to display
30 the image, put the image which is being displayed to a non-display state, or to put the image which is being displayed to the non-display state and display another image instead.

By adding to the image information 2 the
35 generation timing information which indicates the timing with which the image is developed in the memory 9, it becomes possible to develop the image

of the image information 2 in the memory 9 depending on the generation timing information.

Furthermore, by adding to the image information 2 the deletion timing information which indicates the timing with which the image in the memory 9 is deleted, it becomes possible to delete the developed image in the memory 9 depending on the deletion timing information.

Therefore, by downloading the display control program 6 and the image information 2 from the server 1, developing the image of the image information 2 in the memory 9 at the client 3 by generating the control block 7 by the display control program 6, and controlling the display and non-display states of the image and exchanging of the data among displayed images based on the developed image, it becomes possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed. As a result, it is possible to quickly display the image, to quickly switch the displayed image, and to quickly exchange data among the displayed images.

FIG. 2 is a flow chart for explaining the operation of this embodiment of the display control apparatus. In FIG. 2, steps S2 and S18 are carried out by the server 1, while the other steps S1, S3 through S17, and S19 through S23 are carried out by the client 3.

In FIG. 2, the client 3 requests a page (URL) of a business list menu in a step S1, with respect to the server 1.

The server 1 which receives the request from the client 3 sends, that is, downloads the following program and information in a step S2, to the client 3.

-applet
-display control program
-image information and program (control block)
-generation timing information
5 -deletion timing information
-etc.

In this embodiment, the downloaded applet is a program written in the Java language, and more particularly, is the applet 5 which operates on the browser 4 of the client 3. The display control program is the display control program 6 described above which operates in the client 3. The image information and program (control block) respectively are the image information 2 related to the image which is to be developed in the memory 9, and the program which is to start and operate in the client 3 as the control block 7. The generation timing information indicates the timing with which the image is developed in the memory 9, and may be added to the image information 2. The deletion timing information indicates the timing with which the image in the memory 9 is deleted, and may be added to image information 2.

In response to the information downloaded from the server 1, the client 3 starts the program received by the display control program 6 and generates the control block 8 for each image information 2, in a step S3. In a step S4, the applet 5 creates and displays the business list on the browser 4. The user selects a business from the business list displayed on the browser 4, in a step S5.

A control 7 which corresponds to the selected business is retrieved from a control block information table S8 in a step S6, based on a name or index S7. A step S9 decides whether or not the

control block 7 which corresponds to the selected business is retrieved, and the process ends if the decision result in the step S9 is NO.

On the other hand, if the decision result
5 in the step S9 is YES, the image which is presently being displayed is put into a non-display state in a step S10. In addition, the deletion timing of the control block 7 corresponding to the image which is put into the non-display state is checked in a step
10 S11, by checking the deletion timing information of this control block 7. Further, a step S12 decides whether or not the non-display state is to be deleted. If the decision result in the step S12 is YES, a step S13 deletes from the memory 9 the image
15 which is put into the non-display state, and the process advances to a step S14. On the other hand, if the decision result in the step S12 is NO, the process advances directly to the step S14.

The step S14 decides whether or not the
20 control block 7 retrieved in the step S9 manages an image in the memory 9. If the decision result in the step S14 is YES, the image managed by this control block 7 is displayed in a step S15, and the process advances to a step S20. On the other hand,
25 if the decision result in the step S14 is NO, a step S16 decides whether or not the image information 2 is already read by the client 3.

If the decision result in the step S16 is YES, an image is developed in the memory 9 in a step
30 S19 based on the read image information 2, and the image managed by the control block 7 is displayed in the step S15 before the process advances to the step S20. On the other hand, if the decision result in the step S16 is NO, it is judged that the image
35 information 2 is not yet read by the client 3, and a request for the image (business name, image name or the like) is made with respect to the server 1 in a

step S17.

In a step S18, the server 1 sends the image information 2 corresponding to the image which is requested by the step S17. Then, at the client 3 which receives the image information 2 from the server 1, the control block 7 develops the image of the received image information 2 in the memory 9 in the step S19, and the image managed by the control block 7 is displayed in the step S15 before the process advances to the step S20.

Accordingly, when the image which is presently being displayed is switched to the non-display state, this image is deleted from the memory 9 if the deletion timing information is ON or active. If the image which is to be displayed next is developed in the memory 9, this image is read from the memory 9 and displayed. On the other hand, if the image which is to be displayed next is not developed in the memory 9 but is already read by the client 3, this image is developed in the memory 9 and is then read from the memory 9 and displayed. Furthermore, if the image which is to be displayed next is not yet read by the client 3, this image is requested with respect to the server 1, the image of the image information 2 downloaded from the server 1 is developed in the memory 9, and the image is read from the memory 9 and displayed.

The number of control blocks 7 managing the images developed in the memory 9 is checked in the step S20. In addition, a step S21 decides whether or not the number of control blocks 7 managing the images developed in the memory 9 exceeds a predetermined managing number. More particularly, the display control program 6 checks whether or not the number of control blocks 7 managing the images developed in the memory 9 exceeds a predetermined value. The process ends if

the decision result in the step S21 is NO.

On the other hand, if the decision result in the step S21 is YES, a step S22 deletes from the memory 9 the images corresponding to the number of
5 control blocks 7 exceeding the predetermined managing number, by referring to a control block information table S23 which is the same as the control block information table S8 described above. For example, the image managed by the control block
10 7 which is set to be deleted by the deletion timing information when the predetermined managing number is exceeded, is deleted starting from the top of the list which is managed by the display control program 6. In this embodiment, the control block 7 is not
15 deleted from the memory 9, and only the image managed by the control block 7 is deleted from the memory 9. Of course, it is possible to also delete the control block 7 from the memory 9 when the free storage space within the memory 9 becomes small, for
20 example. The process ends after the step S22.

Therefore, it is possible to restrict the number of control blocks 7 to a prescribed number, by deleting only the images and the control blocks 7 which are set to be deleted by the deletion timing
25 information. On the other hand, the control blocks 7 which are not set to be deleted and the corresponding images are constantly stored in the memory 9. In other words, the images which are frequently displayed are constantly stored in the
30 memory 9, so that it is possible to immediately display such images at an arbitrary time.

FIG. 3 is a diagram for explaining the control block information table. This control block information table includes information for managing
35 the control blocks 7 shown in FIG. 1. This control block information table may be used as the control block information tables S8 and S23 shown in FIG. 2.

As shown in FIG. 3, the control block information table includes the following information, where the specific names and values under each information are mere examples.

5 -business name/image name: business 1
 -object ID: object ID=1
 -image ID: image ID=1
 -generation timing information: image
10 transition timing
 -deletion timing information: end timing of
 applet
 -history information: 5
 -automatic timing set: true
15 -data region: name(A), age(30), ...
 -etc.

In FIG. 3, the business name/image name indicate the name of the image information 2. The
20 object ID indicates the ID of the object of the control block 7 in the memory 9. The image ID indicates the ID of the image (image object) which is generated from the image information 2 in the memory 9. The generation timing information
25 indicates the timing with which the image is actually generated. The deletion timing information indicates the timing with which the image is actually deleted from the memory 9. The history information indicates the number of times the image
30 managed by the display control program 6 is displayed or used. The automatic timing set indicates whether or not the generation timing information and/or the deletion timing information can be changed automatically. The generation timing
35 information and/or the deletion timing information can be changed automatically if the automatic timing set is "true", and cannot be changed if the

automatic timing set is "false". The generation timing information and the deletion timing information can be determined in the initial state. The data region is provided to set various kinds of data such as the name and age of the user.

The history information may be used to provide an interface which is capable defining a process so that the generation timing information and the deletion timing information can be changed during operation of the applet 5, in order to display at a maximum high speed those images which are most frequently used statistically.

Accordingly, based on the information registered in the control block information table, it is possible to finely carry out various kinds of display control, such as the display of the image at the time of switching of the displayed image, and deletion of the image from the memory 9 when the operation of the applet 5 ends.

FIG. 4 is a diagram for explaining the generation timing information which is registered in the control block information table shown in FIG. 3. As shown in FIG. 4, the generation timing information includes information stored under the following items.

- generation timing:
- download:
- memory:
- display:

The item "download" indicates a stage where the image information 2 is downloaded from the server 1 to the client 3. The item "memory" indicates a stage where the image of the downloaded image information 2 is developed in the memory 9. In addition, the item "display" indicates a stage

where the image developed in the memory 9 is read and displayed. A mark "O" indicates that the stage is carried out, while a mark "X" indicates that the stage is not carried out. For example, for the item

5 "generation timing" which is "read and generate image when the display control program is started", the stages "download" and "memory" are carried out by the stage "display" is not carried out. More particularly, the image information 2 is downloaded

10 from the server 1 to the client 3, and the image of the downloaded image information 2 is developed in the memory 9, but the developed image in the memory 9 is not read or displayed. Each stage of other examples of the item "generation timing" are

15 similarly shown in FIG. 4.

FIG. 5 is a diagram for explaining the deletion timing information which is registered in the control block information table shown in FIG. 3. As shown in FIG. 5, the deletion timing information

20 includes information stored under the following item.

-deletion timing: when in the non-display state, when the number of images managed in the memory exceeds a predetermined value, when deleting

25 the display control program

By registering the deletion timing information shown in FIG. 5, it becomes possible to finely delete the images developed in the memory 9.

30 More particularly, it is possible to automatically delete the image which is developed in the memory 9 and is set to the non-display state at the registered deletion timing. In addition, it is possible to automatically delete the image which is

35 old and is set to be deleted when the number of images managed in the memory 9 exceeds a predetermined value. Furthermore, it is possible to

automatically delete the image in the memory 9 when the display control program 6 is deleted.

FIGS. 6A through 6C respectively are diagrams for explaining the display control program 6 and the generation of the control block 7.

FIG. 6A shows a state where the downloading takes place from the server 1. In this state, the display control program 6 and an application program 11 are downloaded to the client 3, as described above in conjunction with the step S2 shown in FIG. 2.

FIG. 6B shows a state where the downloaded display control program 6 is started. In this state, the display control program 6 operates in the client 3, and generates a plurality of control blocks 7, as described above in conjunction with the step S3 shown in FIG. 2.

FIG. 6C shows a state where the control block 7 develops the images in the memory 9 based on the downloaded image information 2. In this state, the images are developed in the memory 9, and thus, it is possible to immediately display any one of the developed images on the display unit 102.

If it is necessary to display an image which is not developed in the memory 9 but the image information 2 of this image is downloaded to the client 3, the image of the downloaded image information 2 is developed in the memory 9, read and displayed on the display unit 102, as described above. On the other hand, if the image information 2 of this image is not yet downloaded to the client 3, this image information 2 is downloaded from the server 1 to the client 3, the image of this downloaded image information 2 is developed in the memory 9, read and displayed on the display unit 102, also as described above.

Therefore, by downloading the display

control program 6 and the image information 2 from the server 1, generating a plurality of control blocks 7 by starting the display control program 6, developing the images in the memory 9 by the control block 7 based on the image information 2, and reading and displaying the necessary image on the display unit 102, it becomes possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed each time. By constantly storing in the memory 9 the images which are frequently used, by setting the deletion timing information to indicate no deletion of such images, it becomes possible to display the necessary image at an extremely high speed.

FIGS. 7A and 7B respectively are diagrams for explaining switching of the images.

FIG. 7A shows a state where an image I1 is displayed in a display region 102-1 of the display unit 102. In this state, the image having the name "image I1" is read and displayed in the display region 102-1 of the display unit 102, of the images developed in the memory 9 by the control block 7. In the state where the image I1 is displayed, the image I1 is switched to an image I2 shown in FIG. 7B when there is a display request for the image I2 or, an image switch instruction specifies an image name or index of the image I2 which is to be displayed.

FIG. 7B shows a state where the image displayed in the display region 102-1 of the display unit 102 is switched from the image I1 to the image I2. In this state, the image I1 shown in FIG. 7A is put to the non-display state, and the display is switched to the image I2. As described above, if the control block 7 has already developed the image I2 in the memory 9, it is possible to immediately read the image I2 from the memory 9 and display the

read image I2 in the display region 102-1 of the display unit 102.

FIG. 8 is a diagram for explaining exchange of data between displayed images via the control block 7.

As shown on the left side of FIG. 8, the image I1 is displayed on the display unit 102, and it is assumed for the sake of convenience that the name "A" and the age "30" are input. In this case, the control block 7 which controls this image I1 sets and holds the corresponding data related to the image I1 including the name "A" and the age "30".

When the control block 7 which controls the image I2 which is displayed on the display unit 102 as shown on the right side of FIG. 8 receives the data related to the image I1 by a transfer from the control block 7 which controls the image I1 via the display control program 6, the control block 7 which controls the image I2 displays the image I2 with the data of the image I1 superimposed on the image I2, as indicated by the dotted line in FIG. 8. As a result, it is possible to arbitrarily exchange data between the images I1 and I2, that is, between the control block 7 which controls the image I1 and the control block 7 which controls the image I2.

Next, a description will be given of a computer system which may be used to function as the server 1 and the client 3 described above.

FIG. 9 is a perspective view showing a computer system. For the sake of convenience, it is assumed that this computer system is used as the client 3.

A computer system 100 shown in FIG. 9 includes a main body 101 which includes a CPU, a disk drive unit and the like, a display unit 102 which displays an image on a display screen 102a in response to an instruction from the main body 101, a

keyboard 103 which is used to input various
information to the computer system 100, a mouse 104
which is used to specify an arbitrary position on
the display screen 102a, and a modem 105 which makes
5 access to an external database or the like and
downloads a program or the like stored in another
computer system. Programs such as the display
control program 6 are stored in a portable recording
medium such as a disk 110 or, are downloaded from a
10 recording medium 106 of another computer system such
as the server 1 using a communication unit such as
the modem 105, and are input to the computer system
100 and compiled. The computer system 100 carries
out the processes described above in conjunction
15 with FIG. 2 based on the programs.

An embodiment of a storage medium
according to the present invention stores one or
more programs for causing the computer system 100 to
carry out the processes described above in
20 conjunction with FIG. 2. The storage medium may be
formed by a portable recording medium such as the
disk 110 or, any other type of recording medium
capable of storing one or more programs. For
example, the recording medium usable as the storage
25 medium includes semiconductor memory devices such as
RAMs and ROMs, disks such as magnetic, optical and
magneto-optical disks, CD-ROMs, IC memory cards, and
recording mediums accessible by a computer system
which is coupled via a communication unit or a
30 communication means such as a modem and a LAN.

FIG. 10 is a system block diagram showing
an important part of the main body 101.

The main body 101 shown in FIG. 10
includes a CPU 201 which carries out the process
35 shown in FIG. 2, a memory part 202 which is made up
of a RAM, ROM or the like and is used as the memory
9 described above, a disk drive which is capable of

reading information from and writing information to the disk 110, and a hard disk drive 204 which are coupled via a bus 200. Although not shown in FIG. 10, the display unit 102, the keyboard 103, the mouse 103 and the like are also coupled to the CPU 201.

Of course, the construction of the computer system 100 which may be used as the client 3, or the server 1, is not limited to that shown in FIGS. 9 and 10, and various other known constructions may be used instead.

Therefore, according to the present invention, by downloading the display control program 6 and the image information 2 from the server 1, developing the image of the image information 2 in the memory 9 at the client 3 by generating the control block 7 by the display control program 6, and controlling the display and non-display states of the image and exchanging of the data among displayed images based on the developed image, it becomes possible to shorten the time conventionally required to download and analyze a HTML document and to generate an image which is to be displayed. As a result, it is possible to quickly display the image, to quickly switch the displayed image, and to quickly exchange data among the displayed images. Furthermore, the following advantageous effects are obtainable thereby.

First, a large amount of image information can be centrally managed by the server 1, and the image information which is frequently used may be downloaded to the client 3 and developed in the memory 9 by the control block 7. In this case, it is possible to immediately read a desired one of the frequently used images from the memory 9 and display the read image on the display unit 102. Hence, the image displayed on the display unit 102 can be

switched at an extremely high speed.

Second, the generation timing information and the deletion timing information may be registered in the client 3. In this case, when the client 3 displays the image on the display unit 102, it is possible to finely set the image transitions in a easily usable manner, based on the registered information.

Third, since it is unnecessary to carry out the troublesome and time-consuming processes of downloading, analyzing and generating the image with respect to the HTML document as was required in the conventional system, it is possible to switch the image, that is, make a transition from one image to another image, at an extremely high speed.

Fourth, by setting the deletion timing information so as not to delete the image which is frequently used, that is, frequently displayed, it is possible to constantly store the frequently used image in the memory 9. Thus, the frequently used image can be read from the memory 9 and displayed immediately on the display unit 102.

Fifth, because the control block 7 is provided to control the image, it is possible to exchange data between two or more images in a simple manner, by exchanging the data among two or more control blocks 7.

Further, the present invention is not limited to these embodiments, but various variations and modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

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1. A display control apparatus
comprising:

a memory;

display control means for generating a
10 plurality of control blocks based on downloaded
image information and program, said control blocks
developing images in said memory based on the image
information; and

display means for displaying an image developed
15 in said memory and corresponding to a business which
is selected from another image which is being
displayed.

20

2. The display control apparatus as
claimed in claim 1, which further comprises:

applet means for displaying a list of
25 businesses based on downloaded information,
said display means displaying an image
developed in said memory and corresponding to a
business which is selected from the list.

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3. The display control apparatus as
claimed in claim 1, wherein said control blocks
35 include an ID for specifying one of a display of an
image, non-display of an image which is being
displayed, and non-display of the image which is

being displayed and display of another image.

5

4. The display control apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said image information includes generation timing information which indicates a timing with which the image is to be developed in said memory.

15

5. The display control apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said image information includes deletion timing information which indicates a timing with which the image developed in said memory is to be deleted.

20

6. The display control apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein a first block corresponding to a first image and a second block corresponding to a second image different from said first image exchange data of the first image and data of the second image.

30

7. The display control apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said downloaded image information and program are downloaded from a server which is coupled to the display control apparatus.

35

8. A computer-readable storage medium which stores one or more programs for causing a computer which includes a memory to control display, comprising:

5 display control means for causing a computer to generate a plurality of control blocks based on downloaded image information and program, said control blocks causing the computer to develop images in said memory based on the image
10 information; and

display means for causing the computer to display an image developed in said memory and corresponding to a business which is selected from another image which is being displayed.

15

9. The storage medium as claimed in claim 8, which further comprises:

20 applet means for causing the computer to display a list of businesses based on downloaded information,

said display means causing the computer to
25 display an image developed in said memory and corresponding to a business which is selected from the list.

30

10. The storage medium as claimed in claim 8, wherein a first block corresponding to a first image and a second block corresponding to a
35 second image different from said first image cause the computer to exchange data of the first image and data of the second image.

A display control apparatus includes a memory, a display control part for generating a plurality of control blocks based on downloaded image information and program, where the control blocks develops images in the memory based on the image information, and a display part for displaying an image developed in the memory and corresponding to a business which is selected from another image which is being displayed.

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FIG. 1

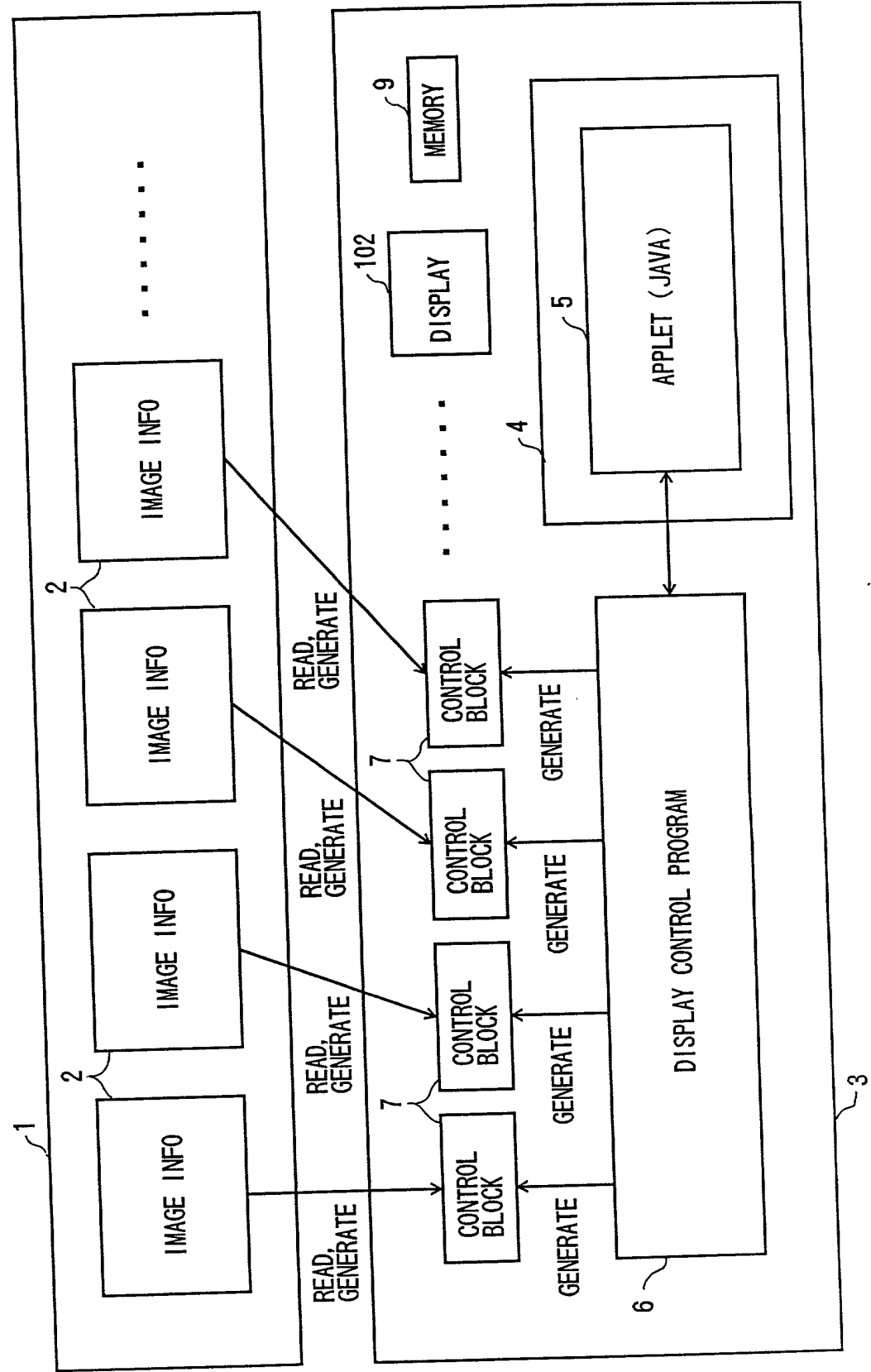


FIG. 2

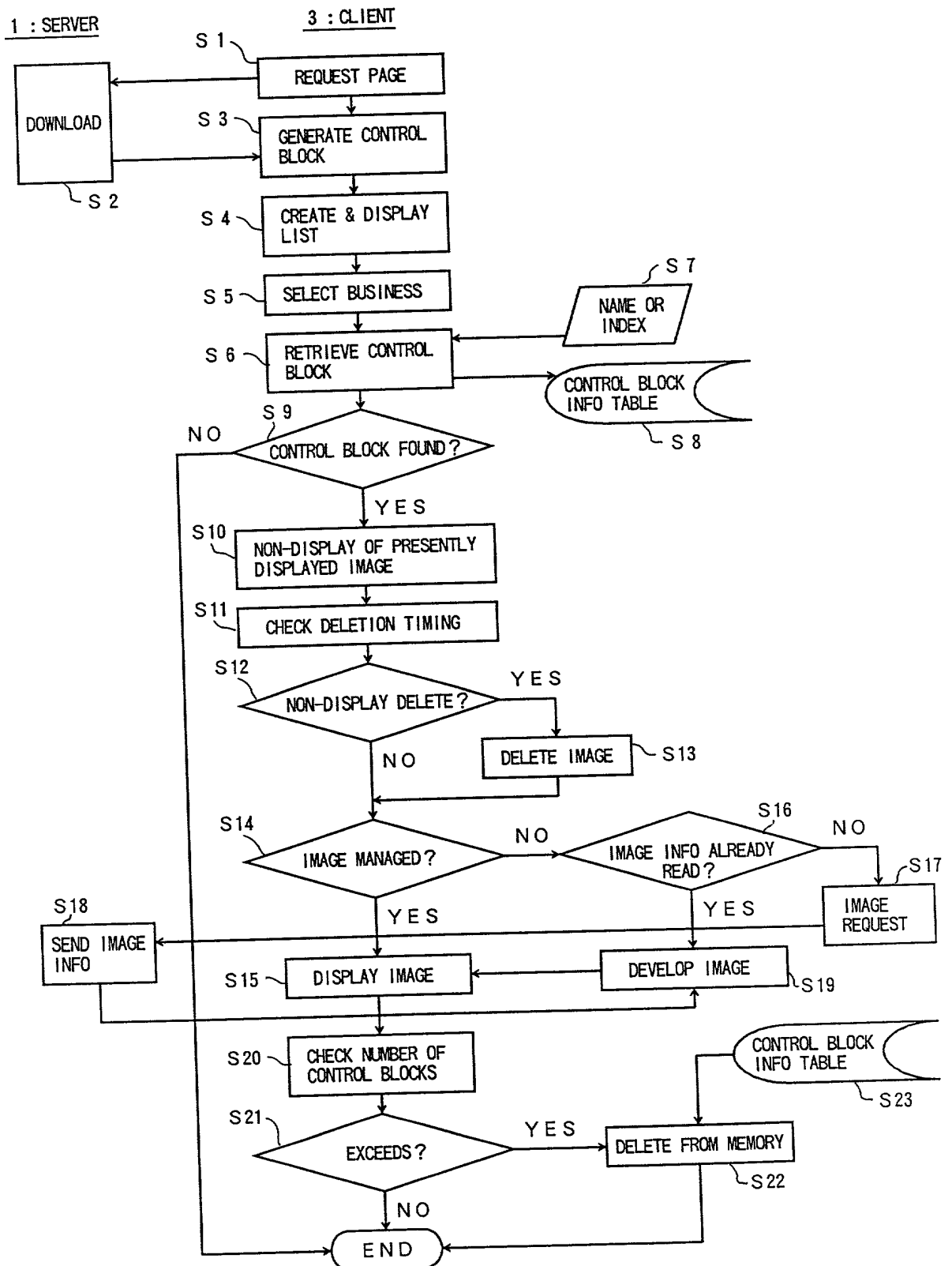


FIG. 3

BUSINESS/ IMAGE NAME	OBJECT ID	IMAGE ID	GENERATION TIMING INFO	DELETION TIMING INFO	HISTORY INFO	AUTO TIMING SET	DATA REGION
"BUSINESS 1"	OBJECT ID = 1	IMAGE ID = 1	IMAGE TRANSITION TIMING	END TIMING OF APPLT	5	true	NAME:A, ... AGE:30, ...
.
.
.
.

FIG. 4

GENERATION TIMING	DOWNLOAD	MEMORY	DISPLAY
READ & GENERATE IMAGE WHEN DISPLAY CONTROL PROGRAM IS STARTED	○ (SAME PROCESS)	○ (SAME PROCESS)	×
READ & GENERATE IMAGE BY ANOTHER PROCESS	○ (SAME PROCESS)	○ (SAME PROCESS)	×
READ IMAGE WHEN DISPLAY CONTROL PROGRAM IS STARTED	○ (SAME PROCESS)	×	×
READ & GENERATE IMAGE BY ANOTHER PROCESS	○ (SAME PROCESS)	×	×
INITIALLY READ IMAGE WHEN SWITCHING IMAGE	○ (SAME PROCESS)	○ (SAME PROCESS)	○ (SAME PROCESS)

FIG. 5

DELETION TIMING
NON-DISPLAY STATE
NUMBER OF IMAGES MANAGED IN MEMORY EXCEEDS PREDETERMINED VALUE
DELETING DISPLAY CONTROL PROGRAM

FIG. 6A

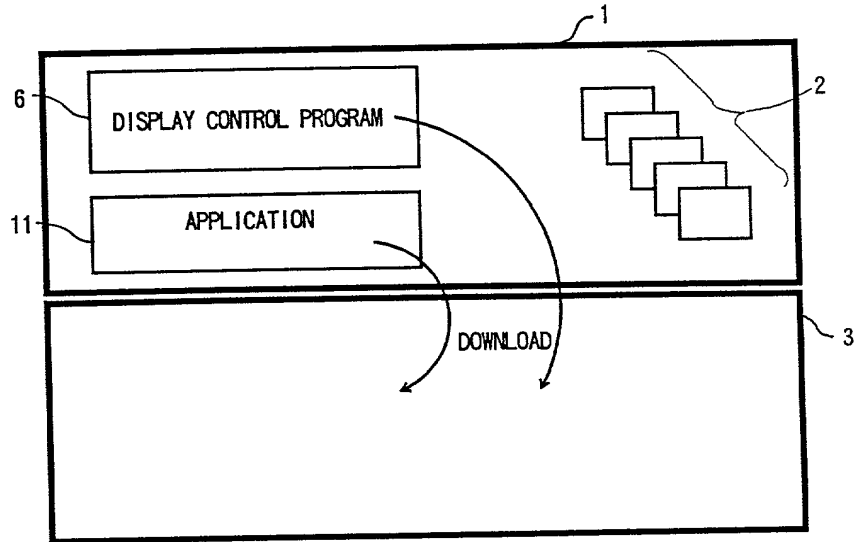


FIG. 6B

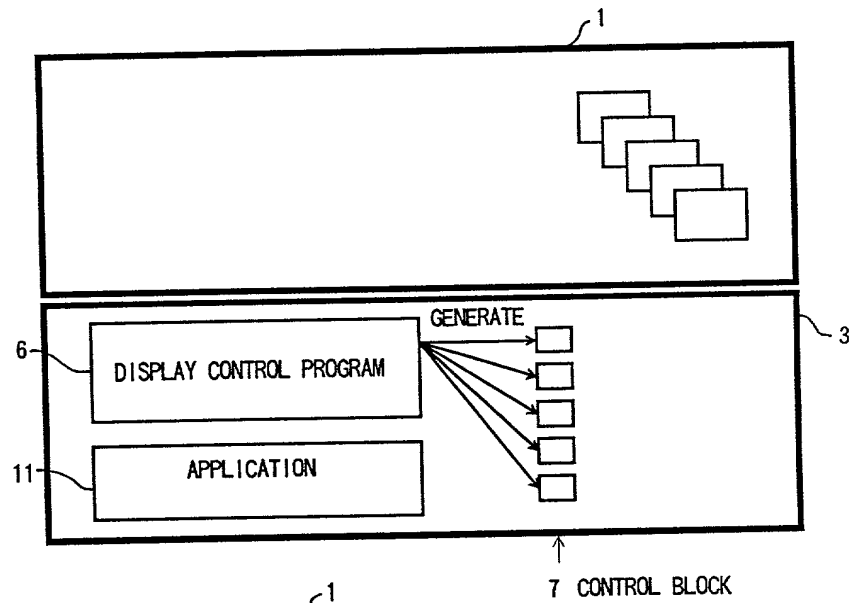


FIG. 6C

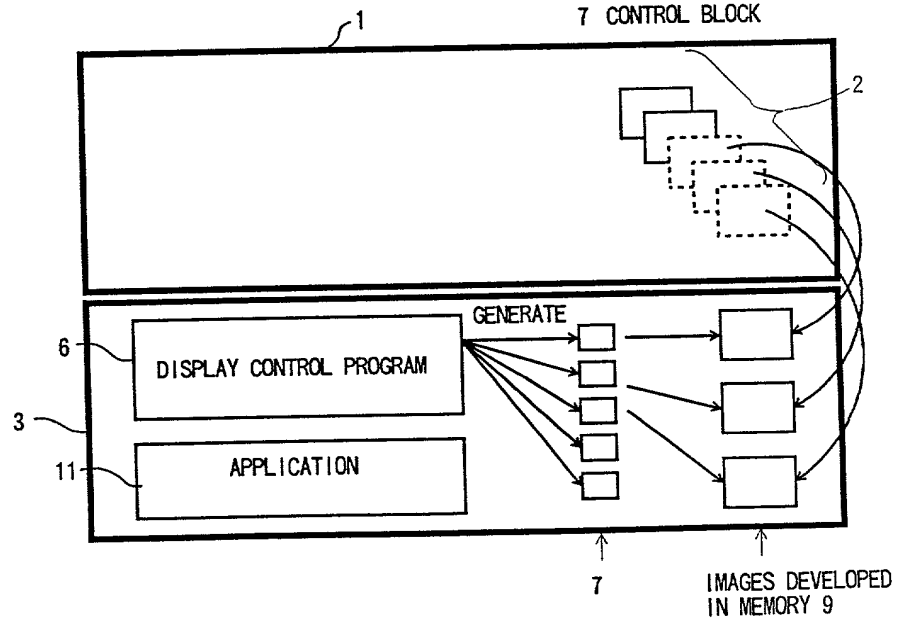


FIG. 7A

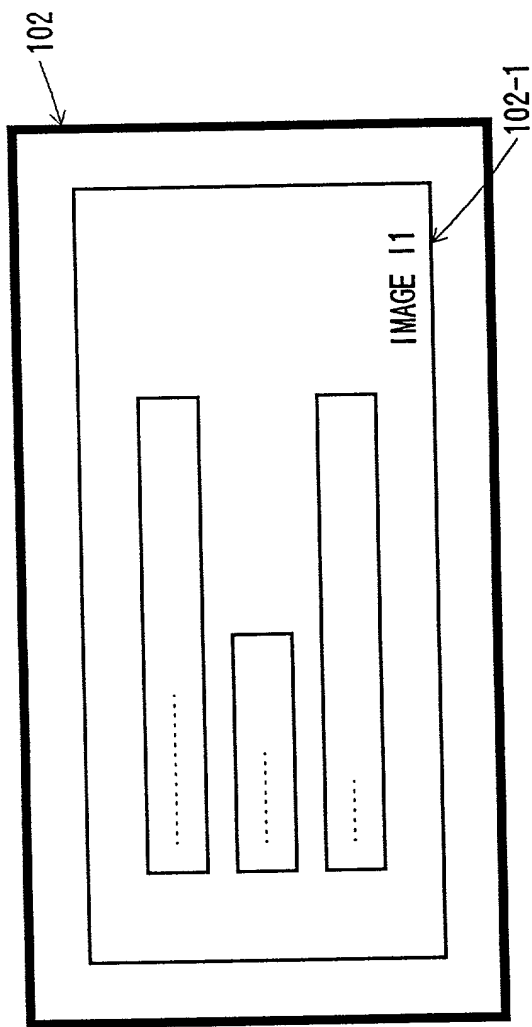


FIG. 7B

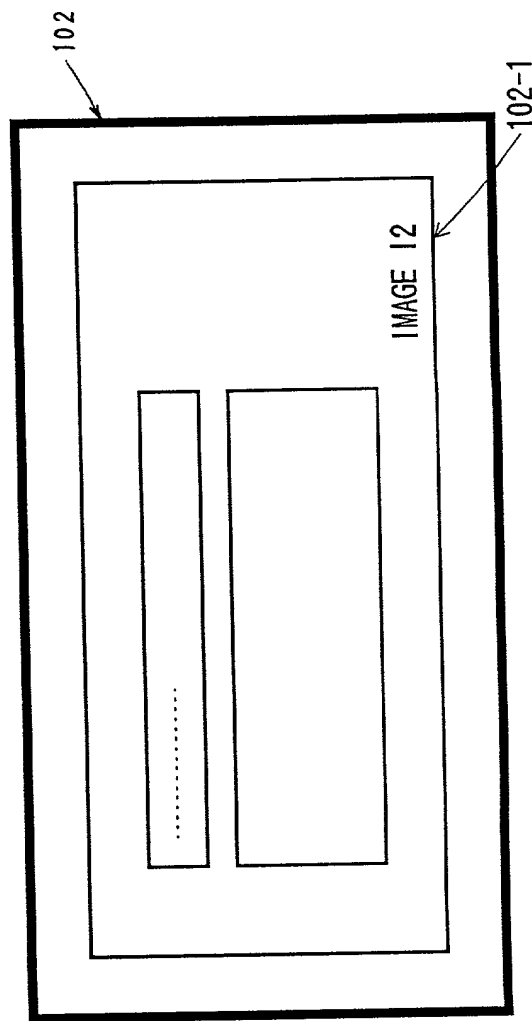


FIG. 8

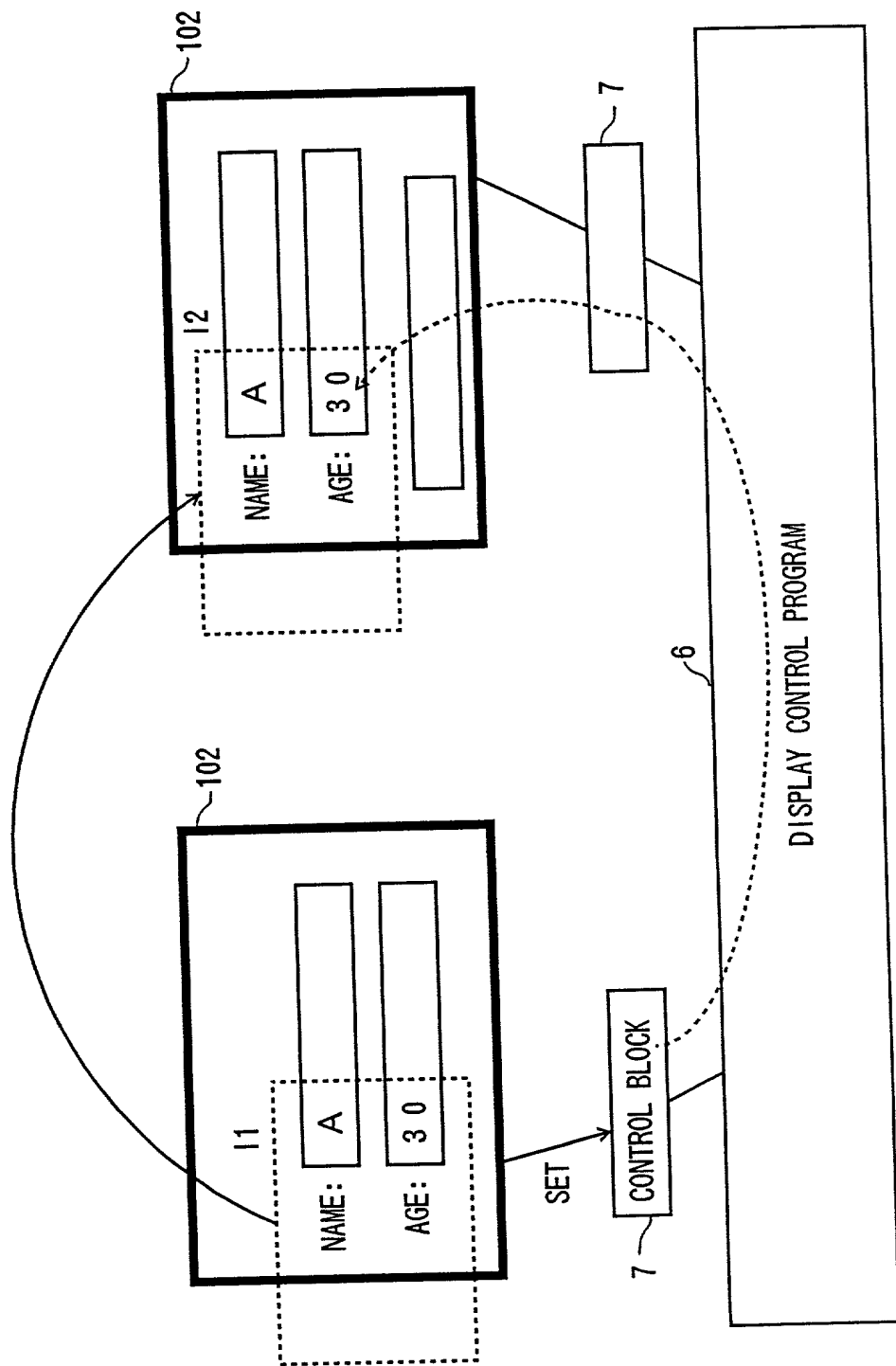


FIG. 9

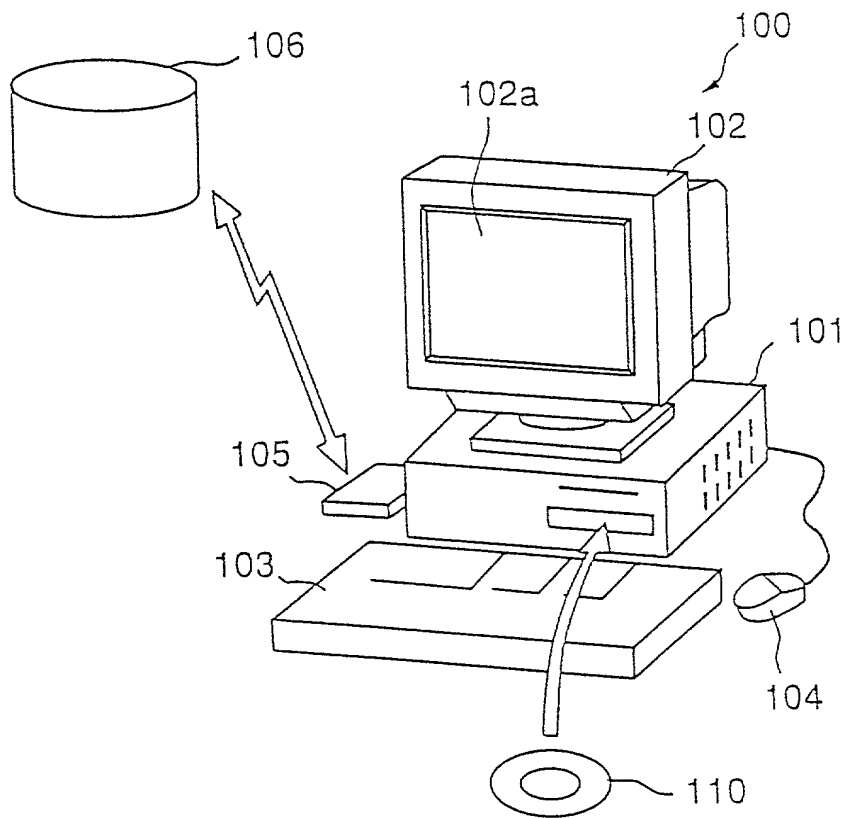
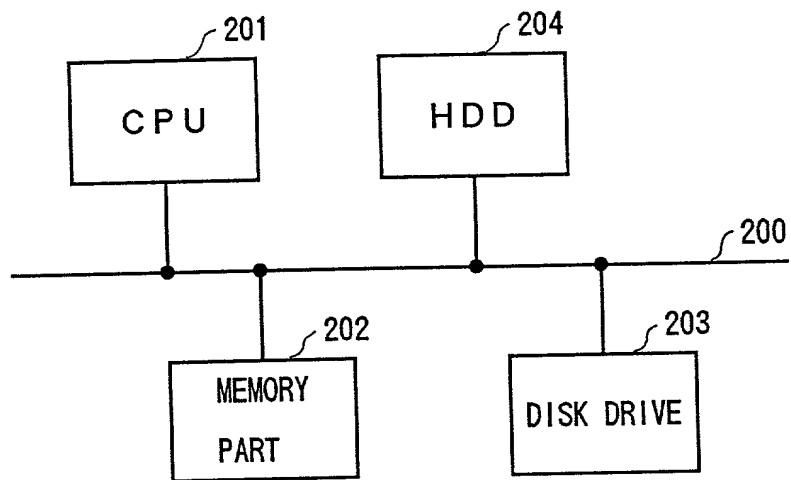


FIG. 10

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Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

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日本語宣言書

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As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

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My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

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I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

DISPLAY CONTROL APPARATUS AND

STORAGE MEDIUM

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本書に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ __月__日に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約国際出願番号を____とし、
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_____ and was amended on
_____ (if applicable).

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Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国での先行出願
Pat. Appln. No. 10-298648

Japan

(Number)
(番号)

(Country)
(国名)

(Number)
(番号)

(Country)
(国名)

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(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
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(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
(出願日)

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Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

20/October/1998

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

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(Application No.)
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)
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I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of application.

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I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to prosecute this application and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list name and registration number)

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(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.)